Media coverage of the official response to the malaria outbreak in Mumbai 2010

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Objectives

- To study the reportage of the malaria outbreak in Mumbai based newspapers.
- To analyse the dynamics / Interaction between administrators of the BMC, politicians and the media from newspaper coverage.
- To explore the extent of ethical responsibility shown by the media, while reporting health emergencies and crises, as per the Social Responsibility theory.

Data Collection

 The paper is based on secondary data analysis and literature review on the topic: coverage of the malaria outbreak from leading English and Marathi newspapers and affiliated news paper websites and blogs.

Newspapers studied

English	Marathi
The Times of India	Maharashtra Times
DNA	Saamana

Newspapers studied

Newspaper	Owner	Circulation	Founded
The Times of India	Bennett coleman and co Ltd.	3146000	3 Nov 1838
DNA	Diligent Media Corporation	400000	July 30, 2005
Maharashtra Times	Bennett coleman and co Ltd.	1000000	May 1, 1962
Saamana	Shivsena	About 150000	1988

Data collection period

June 2010 to August 2010

Methodology

The methodology is qualitative and the method used for data collection and analyses is content analysis. Content analysis is a methodology used widely while studying media and communication

Limitations of the research

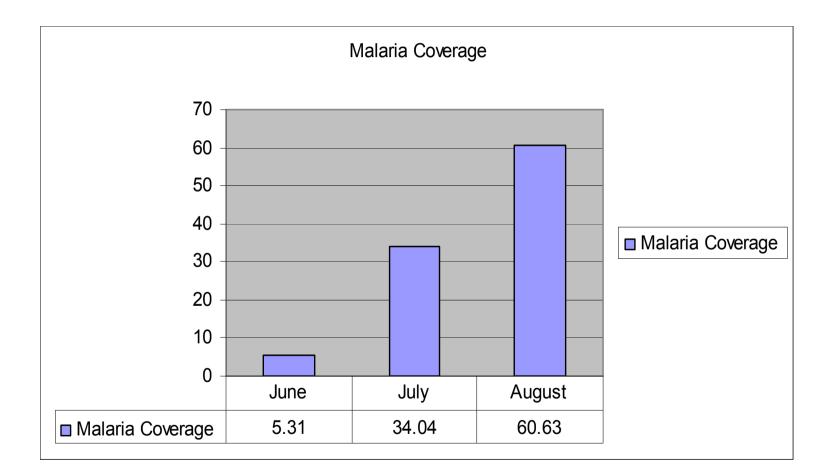
The research is based only on secondary data like newspapers and blogs.

The research can not be generalised as it is based only on Mumbai newspapers.

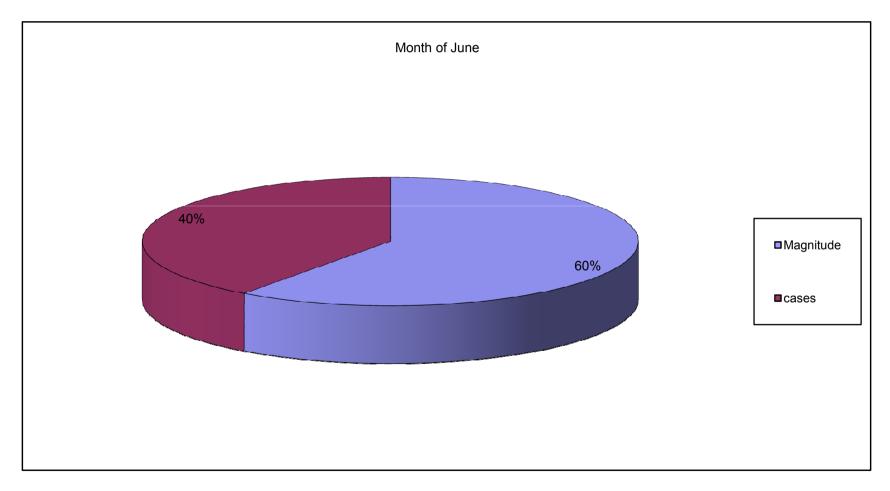
The Presentation is divided in to four parts

- What is the media covering ?
- Dynamics between BMC administrators, politicians and media
- What the media should have done according to the Social Responsibility Theory.
- Discussion or suggestions

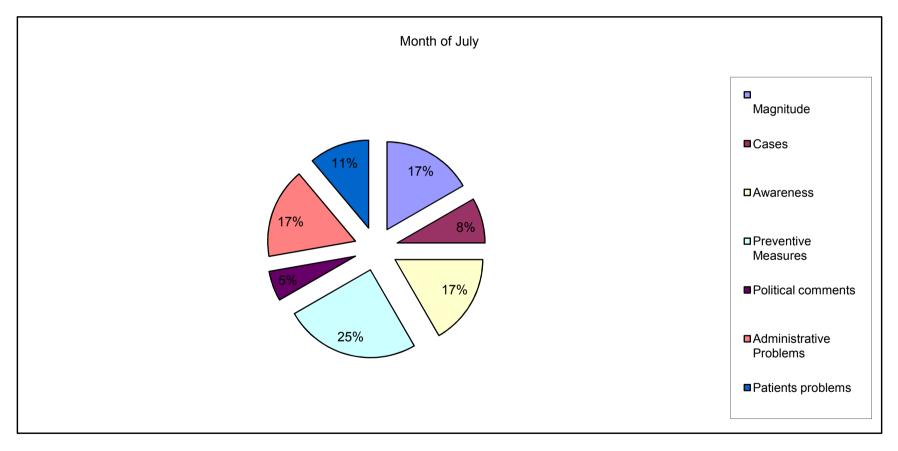
Media coverage month wise



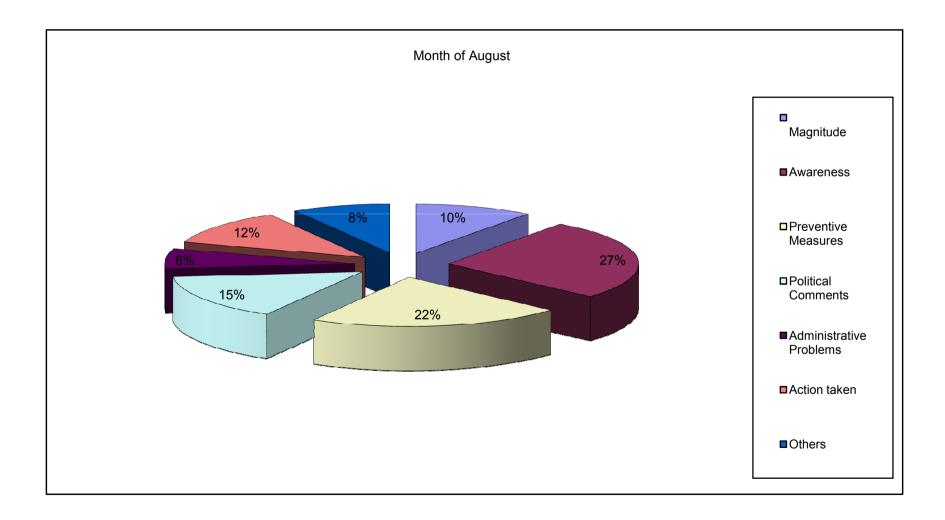
Aspects covered in the month of June



Aspects covered in the month of July



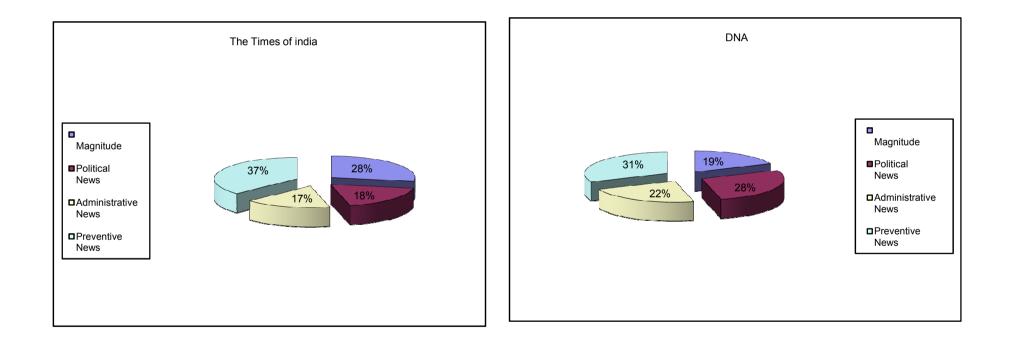
Media coverage Issue wise



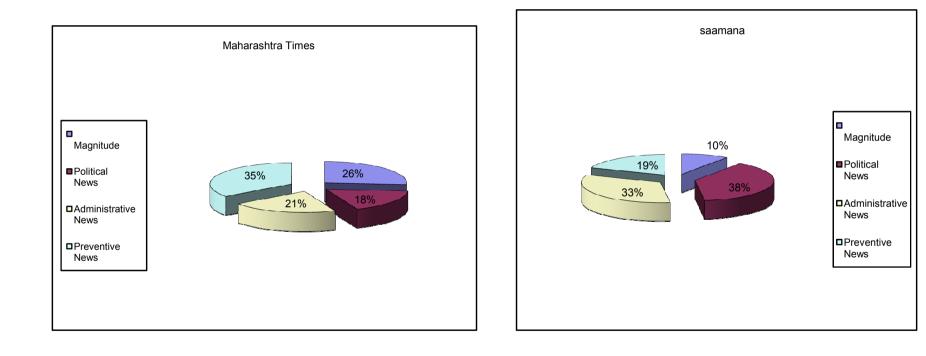
Issue wise analysis

Issues	June (%)	July(%)	August (%)
Magnitude	60	17	10
Cases	40	8	-
Awareness	-	17	26
Preventive Measures	-	24	22
Political comments	-	6	15
BMC Administrative News	-	17	7
Patients Problems	_	11	-
Action Taken	-	_	12
Others	-	-	8

Media coverage News paper wise



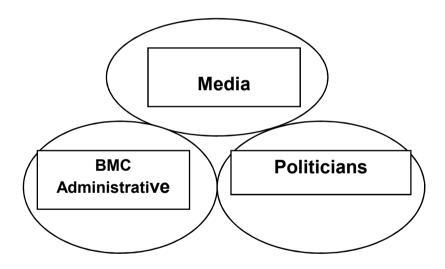
Media coverage News paper wise



Newspaper wise analysis

Issues	DNA	TOI	MT	Saamana
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Magnitude	19	28	26	10
Political comment	28	19	18	38
Administrative news	22	17	21	33
Preventive news	31	36	35	19

Dynamics / Interaction



Dynamics/Interaction

June	News related malaria outbreak comes in the newspapers
July	Suddenly increase in number of patients Administrative problems Opposition blames ruling party
August	Ruling party blames administrative body Preventive measures taken Ruling party appreciates administrative steps Malaria under control

Social Responsibility Theory

To combat the pressures that threatened freedom of the press, this theory was first introduced in 1947 and was recommended by the Hutchins Commission on Freedom of the Press.

It stated that the media should serve the public, and in order to do so, should remain free of government interference. It defined guidelines that the media should follow in order to fulfill its obligation of serving the public.

Ethics and the Media

The Social Responsibility Theory claimed that the media could be selfregulating by adhering to the following precepts:

- Media has obligations to fulfill to a democratic society in order to preserve freedom
- Media should be self-regulated.
- Media should have high standards for professionalism and objectivity, as well as truth and accuracy.
- Media should reflect the diversity of the cultures they represent.
- The public has a right to expect professional performance. (The proponents of this theory had strong faith in the public's ability to determine right and wrong, and take action to preserve the public good when necessary.)

Comparative Analysis

Theory	Practice
Obligations to fulfill in democratic society in order to preserve freedom.	Media control by some one(political party , corporate house)
Self-regulated.	Self regulation is missing while reporting
Reflect the diversity of the cultures they represent.	Diversity of the cultures is totally missing (migrant people are targeted)
Truth and accuracy.	Magnitude discrepancy / references not given

Comparative Analysis

High standards for professionalism and objectivity	People confused about the situation. Continuity and importance of the news is missing

Thank you.....